## CT.ATM AMENDMENTS

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1. (currently amended) A diode-pumped laser apparatus
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     for generating a visible power beam, of the type the laser
2
     apparatus comprising:
3
               a linear miniaturized laser cavity [[(72) 5]] having
     crystals and a length that does not exceed the sum of ten times the
     sum of the lengths of the crystals; comprising at least the
     following optical elements (30,33,36,10,20): -
               reflecting means a plurality of reflectors [[(30;33;36)]]
     that are highly reflective at a fundamental wavelength of a laser
9
     beam [[(52)]] generated by said cavities the laser cavity [[(72)]],
10
     at least one of said reflecting means reflectors [[(30)]] being
11
     traversed by a pumping beam, (54), at least one of said reflecting
12
13
     means (36) being and reflecting at said fundamental wavelength and
     a second harmonic wavelength [[(51)]] with respect to said
14
     fundamental wavelength, and at least one of said reflecting means
15
     (33) being highly transmissive at said second harmonic [[(51)]] of
16
     said fundamental wavelength; [[-]]
17
               an active material [[(10)]] with linear polarized
18
19
     emission and with a gain configuration with small thermal
     aberration for [[the]] cavity mode, said active material [[(10)]]
20
     being able to generate said laser beam [[(52)]] at [[a]] the
21
     fundamental wavelength: [[-]]
22
               a nonlinear crystal [[(20),]] inside said cavity (72);
23
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- characterized in that: said nonlinear crystal (20) is <u>and</u> able to
  generate a second harmonic [[(51)]] of said fundamental wavelength
  by critical type I phase matching; <u>and</u> and that said cavity (72) is
  associated to
- thermostating means <u>associated with the cavity</u>
  [[(45;41;42;43;44)]] for temperature locking said cavity, <u>the</u>
  reflectors, the active material, and the nonlinear crystal (72) and its optical elements (30, 33, 36, 10, 20).
- 2. (currently amended) The [[an]] apparatus as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that wherein said cavity [[(72)]] and the optical means (30,33,36,10,20) which elements it comprises are selected provided to minimis minimize optical losses.
- 3. (currently amended) [[An]] <u>The</u> apparatus as claimed
   in claim 1, <u>characterized in that said wherein</u> optical losses at
   said fundamental wavelength are less than 2%.
- 4. (currently amended) The [[An]] apparatus as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that said wherein optical losses at said fundamental wavelength due to thermal aberration are less than

- 5. (currently amended) <u>The</u> [[An]] apparatus as claimed
- in claim 1, characterized in that wherein the active material
- 3 [[(10)]] is a crystal of Nd:GdVO4.
- 6. (currently amended) The [[An]] apparatus as claimed in
- claim 1, characterized in that wherein the active material [[(10)]]
- is a crystal of Nd:YLF.
- 7. (currently amended) <u>The</u> [[An]] apparatus as claimed in
- claim 1, characterized in that wherein the active material [[(10)]]
- is a crystal of Nd:YVO<sub>4</sub>.
- 8. (currently amended) The [[An]] apparatus as claimed
- $_{2}$  in claim  $_{7}$  characterized in that wherein the nonlinear crystal is
- 3 T.BO
- 9. (currently amended) The [[An]] apparatus as claimed
- in claim 5, characterized in that wherein the nonlinear crystal is
- 3 YCOB or GdCOB.
- 1 10. (currently amended) <u>The</u> [[An]] apparatus as claimed 2 in claim 1, characterized in that wherein said visible beam (51) is
- a beam is at the limit of diffraction [[,]] or TEM<sub>0.0</sub>.

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1 11. (currently amended) The [[An]] apparatus as claimed
2 in claim 1, characterized in that wherein the pumping beam [[(54)]]
3 is absorbed in two successive passes through the active material
4 [[(10)]].

12. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in

- claim 1, characterized in that wherein said thermostating means [[(45;41;42;43;44)]] for temperature locking said cavity, the
- reflector, the active material, and the nonlinear crystal (72) and
  - its optical elements comprise a mechanical structure
- 6 [[(45;41;42;43;44)]] associated [[to]] with said cavity [[(72)]].
- 1 13. (currently amended) <u>The</u> apparatus as claimed in claim 12, characterized in that wherein said mechanical structure comprise a structural base [[(45)]], and elements for supporting the optics [[(41;42;43;44)]].
- 14. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in
  2 claim 12 , characterized in that wherein said structural base
  3 [[(45)]] and elements supporting the optics [[(41;42;43;44)]] are
  4 made of copper or other heat conducting material and associated are
  5 in thermal contact with each other.

- 1 15. (currently amended) The [[An]] apparatus as claimed
  2 in claim 12, characterized in that wherein the temperature of the
  3 structural base [[(45)]] is regulated by means of an active system.
- 1 16. (currently amended) The [[An]] apparatus as claimed 2 in claim 12 wherein characterized %: in that said mechanical 3 structure [[(45;41;42;43;44)]] has the shape of a container,
  - containing said cavity [[(72)]] in sealed way.
- 17. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in
  2 claim 1, characterized in that wherein said thermostating means
  3 [[(45;41;42;43;44)]] comprise an additional autonomous
  4 heat-regulating device to stabilize the temperature of the
- 5 nonlinear crystal [[(20)]] in autonomous and more precise way than 6 the other elements of the cavity.
- 1 18. (currently amended) The apparatus as claimed in
  2 claim 1, characterized in that wherein the reflecting means
  3 reflectors [[(30;33;36)]] are at least in part obtained by means of
- 4 formed by reflecting depositions on the laser crystal [[(10)]]
- 5 [[and/]] or on the nonlinear crystal [[(20)]].

value

crystal.

16

1

2

3

5

1

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nonlinear crystal [[(20)]] is inserted into said laser cavity
3
     [[(72)]] to obtain said visible laser beam [[(51)]] through a
     second harmonic generation operation, characterized in that it
     comprises the following operations the method comprising the steps
     of: [[-]]
               selecting a nonlinear crystal [[(20)]] cut for critical
9
     type I phase matching; [[-]]
               aligning said nonlinear crystal [[(20)]] at a temperature
10
     predetermined by [[the]] a thermostating means [[(45)]] associated
11
     [[to]] with said cavity [[(72)]] obtaining the phase matching
12
     condition; [[-]]
13
               optimizing the conversion into second harmonic with
14
15
     additional small temperature adjustments around the predetermined
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19, characterized in that wherein the temperature regulation

operation occurs in negative feedback, detecting [[the]] an actual-

value signal of a sensor positioned in proximity to the nonlinear

19. (currently amended) A method for generating a

visible laser beam in a laser cavity [[(72)]] of the type whereby a

20. (currently amended) The method as claimed in claim

- 21. (currently amended) The [[A]] method as claimed in claim 19, characterized in that it further comprises the operations further comprising the steps of: [[-]]

  reducing [[the]] walk-off of the fundamental laser beam [[(52)]] operating on the dimension of the cavity mode inside the nonlinear crystal [[(20)]], in order to contain [[the]] a walk-off angle inside the divergence of the beam; [[-]]
- s selecting the length of the nonlinear crystal as a function of the desired focusing.
- 1 22. (new) The apparatus according to claim 1 wherein 2 the active material is arranged to keep the aberration losses at 3 less than 2%.